

2-Amino-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[*b*]thiophene-3-carbonitrile

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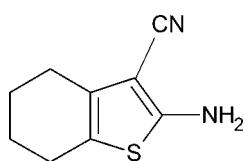
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 295\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.045; wR factor = 0.137; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.9.

The title compound, $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{S}$, was synthesized according to Gewald procedures by the reaction of cyclohexanone with malonitrile and sulfur in the presence morpholine. The cyclohexane ring adopts a half-chair conformation and the thiophene ring is essentially planar (r.m.s. deviation = 0.05 Å). The crystal packing is stabilized by two intermolecular N—H···N hydrogen bonds, which link the molecules into centrosymmetric rings with graph-set motif $R_2^2(12)$.

Related literature

For background to 2-amino thiophenes, see: Puterová *et al.* (2009). For antiarrhythmic and serotonin antagonist properties of 2-substituted thiophene derivatives, see: Amr *et al.* (2010). For their analgesic or anti-inflammatory activity, see: Hafez & El-Gazzar (2008). For the synthesis of 2-amino thiophenes, see: Gewald *et al.* (1966); Wang *et al.* (2010). For similar structures, see: Larson & Simonsen (1988); Mendonça Junior *et al.* (2010). For puckering parameters, see: Cremer & Pople (1975). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_9\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{S}$

$M_r = 178.25$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	$Z = 4$
$a = 10.4274 (3)\text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 8.1487 (3)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.30\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 13.2342 (4)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 295\text{ K}$
$\beta = 126.937 (2)^\circ$	$0.22 \times 0.22 \times 0.20\text{ mm}$
$V = 898.81 (5)\text{ \AA}^3$	

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer
12462 measured reflections
2058 independent reflections
1630 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.052$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.137$
 $S = 1.04$
2058 reflections
109 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.36\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N2—H2A···N1 ⁱ	0.86	2.28	3.121 (2)	166
N2—H2B···N1 ⁱⁱ	0.86	2.42	3.225 (3)	155

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y - 1, -z$; (ii) $x, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 1997); cell refinement: *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and *SCALEPACK*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BX2379).

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supplementary materials

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2-Amino-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[*b*]thiophene-3-carbonitrile

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Comment

Thiophenes and their fused heterocyclic ring systems possess a wide spectrum of biological activities, as antiarrhythmic and serotonin antagonist (Amr *et al.*, 2010) and analgesic or anti-inflammatory activities (Hafez & El-Gazzar, 2008). In this work, the title compound was obtained according Gewald procedures, by the reaction of cyclohexanone with malonitrile and sulfur in the presence morpholine (Gewald *et al.*, 1966; Wang *et al.*, 2010). In the title compound, the cyclohexane ring adopts a half-chair conformation with calculated puckering parameters of: $Q_T = 0.487$ (1) Å, $\theta = 50.6$ (1)°, $\phi = 148.6$ (2)° (Cremer & Pople, 1975). The crystal packing is stabilized by two intermolecular N—H···N hydrogen bonds, which links the molecules into rings with graph-set notation $R_2^2(12)$, Table 1 & Fig. 2.

Experimental

Crystals suitable for single-crystal X-ray diffraction were grown by slow evaporation at room temperature of a solution from ethanol/water.

Refinement

All H atoms attached were fixed geometrically and treated as riding with C—H = 0.97 Å (methylene) and N—H = 0.86 Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C or N})$.

Figures

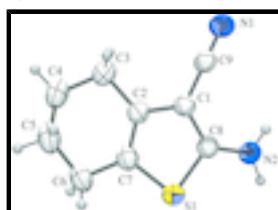


Fig. 1. The structure of (I), showing the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are shown at the 50% probability level.

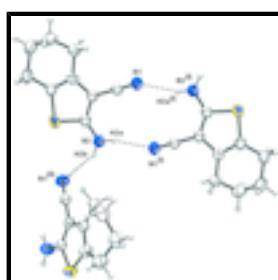


Fig. 2. Part of the crystal structure showing the formation of centrosymmetric dimers $R_2^2(12)$ rings. [Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y-1, -z$; (ii) $x, -y-1/2, z+1/2$.]

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2-Amino-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[*b*]thiophene-3-carbonitrile

Crystal data

C ₉ H ₁₀ N ₂ S	F(000) = 376
M _r = 178.25	D _x = 1.317 Mg m ⁻³
Monoclinic, P2 ₁ /c	Mo K α radiation, λ = 0.71073 Å
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 6505 reflections
a = 10.4274 (3) Å	θ = 2.6–27.5°
b = 8.1487 (3) Å	μ = 0.30 mm ⁻¹
c = 13.2342 (4) Å	T = 295 K
β = 126.937 (2)°	Prism, yellow
V = 898.81 (5) Å ³	0.22 × 0.22 × 0.20 mm
Z = 4	

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer	1630 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: Enraf–Nonius FR590	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.052$
horizontally mounted graphite crystal	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.1^\circ$
Detector resolution: 9 pixels mm ⁻¹	$h = -13 \rightarrow 13$
CCD rotation images, thick slices scans	$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$
12462 measured reflections	$l = -17 \rightarrow 17$
2058 independent reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.137$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.04$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2058 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
109 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.36 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.22127 (5)	0.01327 (5)	0.27769 (4)	0.0543 (2)
N1	0.0577 (2)	-0.37778 (18)	-0.07760 (14)	0.0648 (4)
N2	0.07860 (18)	-0.28276 (18)	0.20995 (14)	0.0603 (4)
H2A	0.0428	-0.3698	0.1640	0.072*
H2B	0.0719	-0.2727	0.2713	0.072*
C1	0.16686 (17)	-0.15535 (17)	0.09245 (13)	0.0426 (3)
C2	0.24712 (19)	-0.00893 (18)	0.09686 (15)	0.0445 (4)
C3	0.2917 (2)	0.0288 (2)	0.01054 (17)	0.0532 (4)
H3A	0.1965	0.0603	-0.0720	0.064*
H3B	0.3365	-0.0684	0.0002	0.064*
C4	0.4146 (2)	0.1681 (2)	0.06489 (19)	0.0662 (5)
H4A	0.5188	0.1265	0.1345	0.079*
H4B	0.4235	0.2079	0.0003	0.079*
C5	0.3678 (2)	0.3083 (2)	0.1112 (2)	0.0690 (5)
H5A	0.2627	0.3485	0.0419	0.083*
H5B	0.4439	0.3974	0.1389	0.083*
C6	0.3640 (2)	0.2565 (2)	0.22012 (18)	0.0641 (5)
H6A	0.4725	0.2486	0.2975	0.077*
H6B	0.3068	0.3380	0.2325	0.077*
C7	0.28162 (17)	0.0932 (2)	0.19015 (15)	0.0499 (4)
C8	0.14543 (17)	-0.16192 (19)	0.18582 (13)	0.0451 (4)
C9	0.10751 (18)	-0.27940 (19)	-0.00076 (14)	0.0477 (4)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0624 (3)	0.0552 (3)	0.0567 (3)	-0.01030 (17)	0.0419 (3)	-0.01544 (17)
N1	0.0984 (12)	0.0474 (8)	0.0663 (9)	-0.0081 (8)	0.0589 (9)	-0.0091 (7)
N2	0.0834 (10)	0.0550 (9)	0.0623 (8)	-0.0155 (7)	0.0543 (8)	-0.0106 (6)
C1	0.0474 (7)	0.0386 (7)	0.0442 (7)	0.0030 (6)	0.0288 (6)	-0.0003 (6)
C2	0.0430 (8)	0.0457 (8)	0.0457 (8)	0.0023 (6)	0.0271 (7)	0.0008 (6)
C3	0.0579 (10)	0.0550 (10)	0.0544 (9)	0.0025 (7)	0.0378 (8)	0.0051 (7)
C4	0.0629 (10)	0.0718 (13)	0.0748 (11)	-0.0065 (9)	0.0472 (9)	0.0060 (9)
C5	0.0694 (11)	0.0575 (11)	0.0780 (12)	-0.0141 (9)	0.0432 (10)	-0.0016 (9)
C6	0.0630 (10)	0.0561 (10)	0.0719 (11)	-0.0175 (8)	0.0398 (9)	-0.0164 (8)
C7	0.0469 (8)	0.0497 (9)	0.0539 (8)	-0.0047 (6)	0.0308 (7)	-0.0056 (7)
C8	0.0466 (7)	0.0441 (8)	0.0468 (8)	0.0014 (6)	0.0292 (7)	-0.0020 (6)
C9	0.0618 (9)	0.0409 (8)	0.0500 (8)	0.0028 (6)	0.0387 (7)	0.0026 (6)

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Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

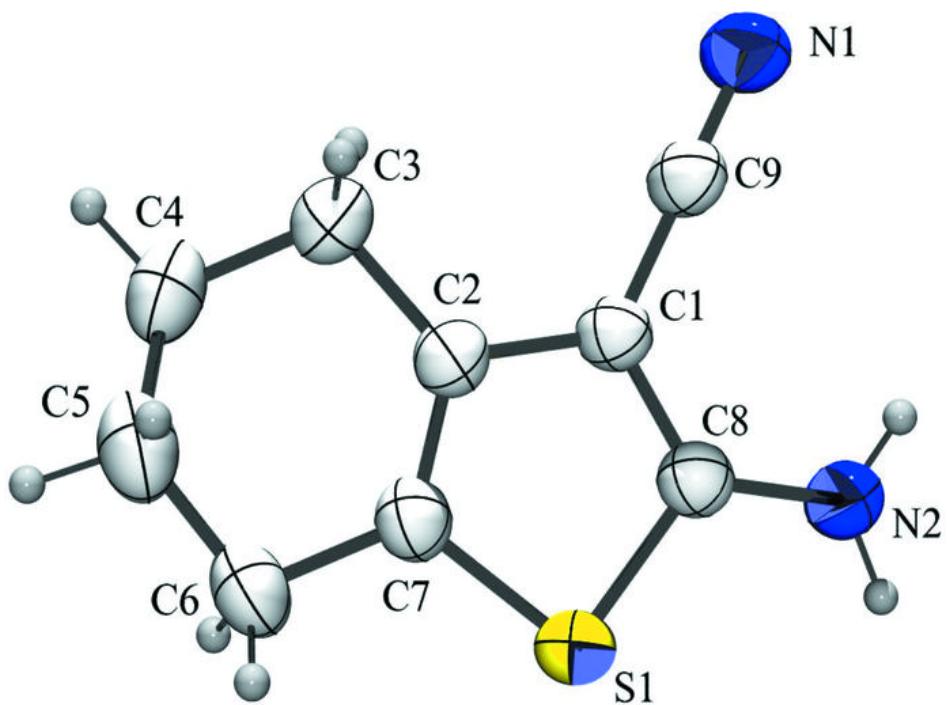
S1—C8	1.7280 (15)	C3—H3A	0.9700
S1—C7	1.7432 (17)	C3—H3B	0.9700
N1—C9	1.145 (2)	C4—C5	1.509 (3)
N2—C8	1.351 (2)	C4—H4A	0.9700
N2—H2A	0.8600	C4—H4B	0.9700
N2—H2B	0.8600	C5—C6	1.526 (3)
C1—C8	1.383 (2)	C5—H5A	0.9700
C1—C9	1.417 (2)	C5—H5B	0.9700
C1—C2	1.438 (2)	C6—C7	1.502 (2)
C2—C7	1.346 (2)	C6—H6A	0.9700
C2—C3	1.502 (2)	C6—H6B	0.9700
C3—C4	1.530 (2)		
C8—S1—C7	92.09 (7)	H4A—C4—H4B	108.0
C8—N2—H2A	120.0	C4—C5—C6	111.88 (16)
C8—N2—H2B	120.0	C4—C5—H5A	109.2
H2A—N2—H2B	120.0	C6—C5—H5A	109.2
C8—C1—C9	121.99 (14)	C4—C5—H5B	109.2
C8—C1—C2	113.48 (13)	C6—C5—H5B	109.2
C9—C1—C2	124.47 (13)	H5A—C5—H5B	107.9
C7—C2—C1	112.23 (14)	C7—C6—C5	109.33 (15)
C7—C2—C3	122.47 (14)	C7—C6—H6A	109.8
C1—C2—C3	125.29 (14)	C5—C6—H6A	109.8
C2—C3—C4	110.43 (14)	C7—C6—H6B	109.8
C2—C3—H3A	109.6	C5—C6—H6B	109.8
C4—C3—H3A	109.6	H6A—C6—H6B	108.3
C2—C3—H3B	109.6	C2—C7—C6	125.82 (15)
C4—C3—H3B	109.6	C2—C7—S1	111.97 (12)
H3A—C3—H3B	108.1	C6—C7—S1	122.20 (13)
C5—C4—C3	111.65 (15)	N2—C8—C1	128.53 (14)
C5—C4—H4A	109.3	N2—C8—S1	121.26 (11)
C3—C4—H4A	109.3	C1—C8—S1	110.21 (11)
C5—C4—H4B	109.3	N1—C9—C1	178.84 (18)
C3—C4—H4B	109.3		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D—\text{H}\cdots A$	$D—\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D—\text{H}\cdots A$
N2—H2A \cdots N1 ⁱ	0.86	2.28	3.121 (2)	166
N2—H2B \cdots N1 ⁱⁱ	0.86	2.42	3.225 (3)	155

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y-1, -z$; (ii) $x, -y-1/2, z+1/2$.

Fig. 1



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Fig. 2

